Knowledge Representation

Chapter 6
What is KR?


CuuDuongThanCong.com
What is KR?


1. A **surrogate**
2. A set of **ontological commitments**
3. A fragmentary theory of **intelligent reasoning**
4. A medium for **efficient computation**
5. A medium of **human expressions**
Representation and Mapping

- **Facts**: things we want to represent.
- **Representations of facts**: things we can manipulate.
Representation and Mapping

Initial facts → desired real reasoning → Final facts

Internal representations of initial facts

forward representation mapping

Internal representations of final facts

backward representation mapping

operation of program

Cao Hoang Tru
CSE Faculty - HCMUT

03 April 2010
Representation and Mapping

• Spot is a dog

• Every dog has a tail

Spot has a tail
Representation and Mapping

- Spot is a dog
  \[ \text{dog}(\text{Spot}) \]
- Every dog has a tail
  \[ \forall x: \text{dog}(x) \rightarrow \text{hastail}(x) \]

\[ \text{hastail}(\text{Spot}) \]
Spot has a tail
Representation and Mapping

• Fact-representation mapping is not one-to-one.

• Good representation can make a reasoning program trivial.
Representation and Mapping

The Multilated Checkerboard Problem

“Consider a normal checker board from which two squares, in opposite corners, have been removed.

The task is to cover all the remaining squares exactly with donimoes, each of which covers two squares. No overlapping, either of dominoes on top of each other or of dominoes over the boundary of the multilated board are allowed.

Can this task be done?”
Representation and Mapping

No. black squares = 30

No. white square = 32
Representation and Mapping

Good representation:

• Representational adequacy
• Inferential adequacy
• Inferential efficiency
• Acquisitional efficiency
Approaches to KR

Simple relational knowledge:

• Provides very weak inferential capabilities.
• May serve as the input to powerful inference engines.
Approaches to KR

Inheritable knowledge:

• Objects are organized into classes and classes are organized in a generalization hierarchy.

• Inheritance is a powerful form of inference, but not adequate.
Approaches to KR

Inferential knowledge:

• Facts represented in a *logical form*, which facilitates reasoning.

• An *inference engine* is required.
Approaches to KR

Procedural knowledge:

• Representation of “how to make it” rather than “what it is”.

• May have inferential efficiency, but no inferential adequacy and acquisitional efficiency.
Approaches to KR

Choosing the Granularity:

• High-level facts may not be adequate for inference.
• Low-level primitives may require a lot of storage.
Homework

Reading